Amendments to the Claims

- 1. (canceled)
- 2. (currently amended) A brush head suitable to be held by a cleaning device.

wherein the brush head comprises a plurality of layers of a water-degradable material positioned on top of each other to form a stack of such layers,

wherein at least two three of the layers are formed from a sheet of the waterdegradable material that has been folded back upon itself in switchback accordion
fashion along a first fold line a first time and then again back upon itself in an opposed
direction along a second fold line a second time, and

wherein the head is configured such that a first end of the stack is held together by the brush head and an opposed end of the stack can spread out between at least some of the layers of the stack and wherein the <u>first</u> fold line is located at the opposed end of the stack.

- 3. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 2, wherein water-dissolvable attachment means has been applied to the brush head adjacent the first end of the stack to assist in holding that end of the stack together, while still allowing at least a part of the opposed end of the stack to spread out between layers.
- 4. (original) The brush head of claim 3, wherein the water-dissolvable attachment means is an adhesive.
- 5. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 3, wherein the water-dissolvable attachment means is selected from the group consisting of threads and staples.

- 6. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 2, wherein at least some of the layers are held together by pressure bonding at at least one portion of the brush head.
- 7. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 2, wherein the brush head has been at least partially impregnated with a chemical composition.
- 8. (original) The brush head of claim 7, wherein the chemical composition comprises a surfactant.
- 9. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 8, wherein the chemical composition comprises 0% to 50% water.
- 10. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 3, wherein a plurality of the layers are formed with bristle segments adjacent said opposed end of the stack.
 - 11. (canceled)
- 12. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 2, wherein the brush head comprises between four and forty layers of such water degradable material in the stack.
- degradable, the brush head being suitable to be held by a cleaning device, wherein the brush head comprises a plurality of layers of a water-degradable material positioned on top of each other to form a stack of such layers, wherein at least two of the layers are formed from a sheet of the water-degradable material that has been folded back upon itself, and wherein the head is configured such that a first end of the stack is held together by the brush head and an opposed end of the stack can spread out between at least some of the layers of the stack;

wherein layers of the stack at the bottom and top of the stack are not impregnated with a surfactant while a plurality of layers of the stack between the top and bottom layers are impregnated with a surfactant.

- 14. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 13, wherein at least five external side surfaces of the brush are free of surfactant.
- 15. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 2, wherein at least one of the layers of the brush head comprises at least two plies of the water-degradable material.
- 16. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 2, wherein the water-degradable material is a nonwoven fibrous web of cellulosic material that is hydroentangled.
- 17. (previously presented) A brush head that on an overall basis is water-degradable, the brush head being suitable to be held by a cleaning device, wherein the brush head comprises a plurality of layers of a water-degradable material positioned on top of each other to form a stack of such layers, wherein at least two of the layers are formed from a sheet of the water-degradable material that has been folded back upon itself, and wherein the head is configured such that a first end of the stack is held together by the brush head and an opposed end of the stack can spread out between at least some of the layers of the stack;

wherein water-dissolvable attachment means has been applied to the brush head adjacent the first end of the stack to hold that end of the stack together, while still allowing at least a part of the opposed end of the stack to spread out between layers; and

wherein the first end of said brush head is formed with an axially extending notch.

- 18. (original) The brush head of claim 17, wherein the axially extending notch tapers axially from an outer portion of the brush head towards a bristle portion of the brush head.
- 19. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 2, stored in a sealed pouch having a circumferential pouch tear line.
- 20. (original) The brush head of claim 19, wherein the pouch does not contain more than one such brush head.
- 21. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 3, wherein the water-dissolvable means is an adhesive and a separate water-dissolvable cover is positioned over a portion of the brush head to which the adhesive has been applied.
 - 22. (canceled)
 - 23. (canceled)
- 24. (previously presented) A wand for holding a brush head, the wand comprising:

a handle having an internal axial cavity, a lower opening communicating with the cavity, and a radial opening;

an actuator having a projection extending through the radial opening, a connecting rod linked to the projection which is mounted in the handle cavity, and a jaw linked to the rod which extends out the handle lower opening;

wherein the wand is constructed and arranged such that a first movement of the projection will move the jaw to a first position suitable to release a brush head if the

brush head has been inserted in the jaw, and a second movement of the projection will move the jaw to a second position suitable to clamp a brush head if a brush head has been inserted in the jaw;

wherein the handle has teeth that extend radially into the cavity and the connecting rod has radially outwardly extending teeth.

- 25. (original) The wand of claim 24, where the handle teeth and rod teeth can interfit to inhibit at least one form of axial relative movement there between.
- 26. (original) The wand of claim 25, wherein the handle teeth and rod teeth are angled such that they more readily can inhibit relative axial movement there between in a first direction as compared to relative axial movement there between in a direction opposed to the first direction.
- 27. (original) The wand of claim 26, wherein a spring is positioned along the connecting rod to radially outwardly bias the projection.
- 28. (previously presented) The wand of claim 24, wherein the rod has a portion with a cross-shaped cross sectional appearance.
- 29. (previously presented) The wand of claim 24, wherein at least one outer contact ear is formed on a jaw.
- 30. (previously presented) A wand for holding a brush head, the wand comprising:

a handle having an internal axial cavity, a lower opening communicating with the cavity, and a radial opening;

an actuator having a projection extending through the radial opening, a connecting rod linked to the projection which is mounted in the handle cavity, and two jaws linked to the rod which extend out the handle lower opening;

wherein the wand is constructed and arranged such that a first movement of the projection will move both of the jaws to a first position suitable to release a brush head if the brush head has been inserted between the jaws, and a second movement of the projection will move both of the jaws to a second position suitable to clamp a brush head if a brush head has been inserted in the jaw;

wherein the wand has been attached to a separately formed extension, the extension having a hanger hole.

31. (previously presented) A wand for holding a brush head, the wand comprising:

a handle having an internal axial cavity, a lower opening communicating with the cavity, and a radial opening;

an actuator having a projection extending through the radial opening, a connecting rod linked to the projection which is mounted in the handle cavity, and two jaws linked to the rod which extend out the handle lower opening;

wherein the wand is constructed and arranged such that a first movement of the projection will move both of the jaws to a first position suitable to release a brush head if the brush head has been inserted between the jaws, and a second movement of the projection will move both of the jaws to a second position suitable to clamp a brush head if a brush head has been inserted in the jaw;

wherein a jaw has an axially extending tongue projection suitable to interfit with a brush head having an axial notch.

- 32. (previously presented) The wand of claim 31, wherein the tongue projection is a triangular projection.
- 33. (previously presented) The wand of claim 24, wherein the wand is for holding a toilet brush head and a portion of the handle adjacent a jaw is curved.
- 34. (previously presented) The wand of claim 24, wherein a brush head has been inserted into a jaw.
- 35. (previously presented) The wand of claim 24, wherein a portion of the rod extends through that curved portion.
- 36. (previously presented) The wand of claim 24, wherein the handle has a lower drain hole.
 - 37.-43. (canceled)
 - 44. (canceled)
- 45. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 2, wherein at least one layer of the water-degradable material is abrasive.
- 46. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 45, wherein the abrasive layer of water-degradable material is apertured.
- 47. (previously presented) The brush head of claim 3, wherein the attachment means comprises no more than one-third of the head axial length.